## Certificate of Exemption - AGAR 2022/23 Form 2

To be completed by smaller authorities where the higher of gross income or gross expenditure did not exceed £25,000 in the year of account ended 31 March 2023, and that wish to certify themselves as exempt from a limited assurance review under Section 9 of the Local Audit (Smaller Authorities) Regulations 2015

There is no requirement to have a limited assurance review or to submit an Annual Governance and Accountability Return to the external auditor, **provided** that the authority has certified itself as exempt at a meeting of the authority after 31 March 2023 and a completed Certificate of Exemption is submitted no later than **30 June 2023** notifying the external auditor.

BASSENTHWAITE PARISH COUNCIL

certifies that during the financial year 2022/23, the higher of the authority's total gross income for the year or total gross annual expenditure, for the year did not exceed £25,000

Total annual gross income for the authority 2022/23:

€8809

Total annual gross expenditure for the authority 2022/23:

€9196

There are certain circumstances in which an authority will be unable to certify itself as exempt, so that a limited assurance review will still be required. If an authority is unable to confirm the statements below then it cannot certify itself as exempt and it must submit the completed Annual Governance and Accountability Return Form 3 to the external auditor to undertake a limited assurance review for which a fee of £210 +VAT will be payable.

By signing this Certificate of Exemption you are confirming that:

- · The authority was in existence on 1st April 2019
- · In relation to the preceding financial year (2021/22), the external auditor has not:
  - · issued a public interest report in respect of the authority or any entity connected with it
  - · made a statutory recommendation to the authority, relating to the authority or any entity connected with it
  - issued an advisory notice under paragraph 1(1) of Schedule 8 to the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 ("the Act"), and has not withdrawn the notice
  - · commenced judicial review proceedings under section 31(1) of the Act
  - made an application under section 28(1) of the Act for a declaration that an item of account is unlawful,
     and the application has not been withdrawn nor has the court refused to make the declaration
- The court has not declared an item of account unlawful after a person made an appeal under section 28(3) of the Act.

If the above statements apply and the authority neither received gross income, nor incurred gross expenditure, exceeding £25,000, then the Certificate of Exemption can be signed and a copy submitted to the external auditor either by email or by post (not both).

The Annual Internal Audit Report, Annual Governance Statement, Accounting Statements, an analysis of variances and the bank reconciliation plus the information required by Regulation 15 (2), Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 including the period for the exercise of public rights still need to be fully completed and, along with a copy of this certificate, published on the authority website/webpage\* before 1 July 2023. Signing this certificate confirms the authority will comply with the publication requirements.

Signed by the Responsible Financial Officer

Date

08/06/23

I confirm that this Certificate of Exemption was approved by this authority on this date:

08/06/23

Signed by Chairman

\$5 peril C

Date

as recorded in minute reference:

Conoria amail address of Authority

816/23

.00.

seneric email address of Authority

Telephone number

bassenthwaiteclerkead.com

07510259784

\*Published web address

WWW. bassenthwaile.org.uk.

ONLY this Certificate of Exemption should be returned EITHER by email OR by post (not both) as soon as possible after certification to your external auditor, but no later than 30 June 2023. Reminder letters for late submission will incur a charge of £40 + VAT.

## BASSENTHWAITE PARISH COUNCIL.

www. bassenthwaile . org. uk. BAGE ADDRESS

**During** the financial year ended 31 March 2023, this authority's internal auditor acting independently and on the basis of an assessment of risk, carried out a selective assessment of compliance with the relevant procedures and controls in operation and obtained appropriate evidence from the authority.

The internal audit for 2022/23 has been carried out in accordance with this authority's needs and planned coverage. On the basis of the findings in the areas examined, the internal audit conclusions are summarised in this table. Set out below are the objectives of internal control and alongside are the internal audit conclusions on whether, in all significant respects, the control objectives were being achieved throughout the financial year to a standard adequate to meet the needs of this authority.

nternal control objective	Yes	No*	Not covered**
A. Appropriate accounting records have been properly kept throughout the financial year.	Yes 🗸	140	l covered
This authority complied with its financial regulations, payments were supported by invoices, all expenditure was approved and VAT was appropriately accounted for.	Y		
<ol> <li>This authority assessed the significant risks to achieving its objectives and reviewed the adequacy of arrangements to manage these.</li> </ol>	Y		
<ol> <li>The precept or rates requirement resulted from an adequate budgetary process; progress against the budget was regularly monitored; and reserves were appropriate.</li> </ol>	1		
E. Expected income was fully received, based on correct prices, properly recorded and promptly banked; and VAT was appropriately accounted for.	Y		
Petty cash payments were properly supported by receipts, all petty cash expenditure was approved and VAT appropriately accounted for.			NOT
<ol> <li>Salaries to employees and allowances to members were paid in accordance with this authority's approvals, and PAYE and NI requirements were properly applied.</li> </ol>	Y		
Asset and investments registers were complete and accurate and properly maintained.	Ý		
Periodic bank account reconciliations were properly carried out during the year.	y		
I. Accounting statements prepared during the year were prepared on the correct accounting basis (receipts and payments or income and expenditure), agreed to the cash book, supported by an adequate audit trail from underlying records and where appropriate debtors and creditors were properly recorded.	Y		
6. If the authority certified itself as exempt from a limited assurance review in 2021/22, it met the exemption criteria and correctly declared itself exempt. (If the authority had a limited assurance review of its 2021/22 AGAR tick "not covered")	Y		
The authority published the required information on a website/webpage up to date at the time of the internal audit in accordance with the relevant legislation.	7		
In the year covered by this AGAR, the authority correctly provided for a period for the exercise of public rights as required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations (during the 2022-23 AGAR period, were public rights in relation to the 2021-22 AGAR evidenced by a notice on the website and/or authority approved minutes confirming the dates set).	1		
The authority has complied with the publication requirements for 2021/22 AGAR (see AGAR Page 1 Guidance Notes).	7		

O. (For local councils only)

Trust funds (including charitable) – The council met its responsibilities as a trustee.

For any other risk areas identified by this authority adequate controls existed (list any other risk areas on separate sheets if needed).

Date(s) internal audit undertaken

Name of person who carried out the internal audit

02/05/2023

ELIZABETH BELL.

Signature of person who carried out the internal audit

July MENEGUINE

Date

02/05/2023

<sup>\*</sup>If the response is 'no' please state the implications and action being taken to address any weakness in control identified (add separate sheets if needed).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Note: If the response is 'not covered' please state when the most recent internal audit work was done in this area and when it is next planned; or, if coverage is not required, the annual internal audit report must explain why not (add separate sheets if needed).

#### Section 1 – Annual Governance Statement 2022/23

We acknowledge as the members of:

## BASSENTHWAITE PARISH COUNCIL.

our responsibility for ensuring that there is a sound system of internal control, including arrangements for the preparation of the Accounting Statements. We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, with respect to the Accounting Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023, that:

	Agre	eed		
	Yes	No	'Yes' me	eans that this authority.
<ol> <li>We have put in place arrangements for effective financial management during the year, and for the preparation of the accounting statements.</li> </ol>	/			d its accounting statements in accordance Accounts and Audit Regulations.
We maintained an adequate system of internal control including measures designed to prevent and detect fraud and corruption and reviewed its effectiveness.				roper arrangements and accepted responsibility guarding the public money and resources in ge.
3. We took all reasonable steps to assure ourselves that there are no matters of actual or potential non-compliance with laws, regulations and Proper Practices that could have a significant financial effect on the ability of this authority to conduct its business or manage its finances.				or done what it has the legal power to do and has do with Proper Practices in doing so.
We provided proper opportunity during the year for the exercise of electors' rights in accordance with the requirements of the Accounts and Audit Regulations.	/			he year gave all persons interested the opportunity to and ask questions about this authority's accounts.
5. We carried out an assessment of the risks facing this authority and took appropriate steps to manage those risks, including the introduction of internal controls and/or external insurance cover where required.			1	red and documented the financial and other risks it and dealt with them properly.
We maintained throughout the year an adequate and effective system of internal audit of the accounting records and control systems.	1		controls	d for a competent person, independent of the financial and procedures, to give an objective view on whether controls meet the needs of this smaller authority.
We took appropriate action on all matters raised in reports from internal and external audit.	4		respond external	led to matters brought to its attention by internal and laudit.
8. We considered whether any litigation, liabilities or commitments, events or transactions, occurring either during or after the year-end, have a financial impact on this authority and, where appropriate, have included them in the accounting statements.	1		disclosed everything it should have about its business activity during the year including events taking place after the year end if relevant.	
9. (For local councils only) Trust funds including charitable. In our capacity as the sole managing trustee we discharged our accountability responsibilities for the fund(s)/assets, including financial reporting and, if required, independent examination or audit.	Yes	No	N/A N/A	has met all of its responsibilities where as a body corporate it is a sole managing trustee of a local trust or trusts.

\*For any statement to which the response is 'no', an explanation must be published

This Annual Governance Statement was	approved	at a
meeting of the authority on:		

08/06/2023

and recorded as minute reference:

15c

Signed by the Chairman and Clerk of the meeting where approval was given:

Chairman

RBMgap Esdoud C

Information required by the Transparency Code (not part of the Annual Governance Statement)

The authority website/webpage is up to date and the information required by the Transparency Code has been published.

www.bassenthwaite.org.uk.

## Section 2 - Accounting Statements 2022/23 for

## BASSENTHWAITE PARISH COUNCIL

	Year e	ending	Notes and guidance
	31 March 2022 £	31 March 2023 £	Please round all figures to nearest £1 Do not leave any boxes blank and report £0 or Nil balances. All figures must agree to underlying financial records.
Balances brought forward	19142	14729	Total balances and reserves at the beginning of the year as recorded in the financial records. Value must agree to Box 7 of previous year.
(+) Precept or Rates and Levies	7350	7350	Total amount of precept (or for IDBs rates and levies) received or receivable in the year. Exclude any grants received.
3. (+) Total other receipts	1042	1459	Total income or receipts as recorded in the cashbook less the precept or rates/levies received (line 2). Include any grants received.
4. (-) Staff costs	2337	2378	Total expenditure or payments made to and on behalf of all employees. Include gross salaries and wages, employers NI contributions, employers pension contributions, gratuities and severance payments.
5. (-) Loan interest/capital repayments	NIL	NIL	Total expenditure or payments of capital and interest made during the year on the authority's borrowings (if any).
6. (-) All other payments	10468	6818	Total expenditure or payments as recorded in the cash- book less staff costs (line 4) and loan interest/capital repayments (line 5).
7. (=) Balances carried forward	14729	14342	Total balances and reserves at the end of the year. Must equal (1+2+3) - (4+5+6).
8. Total value of cash and short term investments	14729	14342	The sum of all current and deposit bank accounts, cash holdings and short term investments held as at 31 March – To agree with bank reconciliation.
Total fixed assets plus long term investments and assets	509564	509564	The value of all the property the authority owns – it is made up of all its fixed assets and long term investments as at 31 March.
10. Total borrowings	NIL	NIL	The outstanding capital balance as at 31 March of all loans from third parties (including PWLB).

For Local Councils Only	Yes	No	N/A	
11a. Disclosure note re Trust funds (including charitable)		V		The Council, as a body corporate, acts as sole trustee and is responsible for managing Trust funds or assets.
11b. Disclosure note re Trust funds (including charitable)			N/A	The figures in the accounting statements above do not include any Trust transactions.

I certify that for the year ended 31 March 2023 the Accounting Statements in this Annual Governance and Accountability Return have been prepared on either a receipts and payments or income and expenditure basis following the guidance in Governance and Accountability for Smaller Authorities – a Practitioners' Guide to Proper Practices and present fairly the financial position of this authority.

Signed by Responsible Financial Officer before being presented to the authority for approval

Especial C

Date 08/06/2023.

I confirm that these Accounting Statements were approved by this authority on this date:

15d -08/06/2023

as recorded in minute reference:

15d REFERENCE

Signed by Chairman of the meeting where the Accounting Statements were approved

RBM99P

Explanation of variances – pro forma
Name of annales such proteits.

BASSENTHWAITE PARISH COUNCIL.
County area (local councils and parish meetings only); CUMIREM.

Next, please provide full explanations, including numerical values, for the following that will be flagged in the green boxes where relevant:

• variances of more than 16% boxween totals for individual boxes (except variances of less than £200);

• a breakdown of approved reserves on the next tab if the total reserves (Box 7) figure is more than twice the annual precept/rates & levies value (Box 2).

	2022 £	2023 V	/ariance /	/arlance %	Explanation Variance Required?	Automatic responses trigger below based on figures.  Explanation from smaller authority (must include narrative and supporting figures)
1 Balances Brought Forward	19,142	14,729				Explanation of % variance from PY opening balance not required - Balance brought forward does not agree, equired - Balance brought forward does not agree.
2 Precept or Rates and Levies	7,250	7,360	0	0.00%	9	
3 Total Other Receipts	1,042	1,469	417	40.02%	YES	In 2022 the vat repayment was only £282 42 in 2023 the vat repayment was £1061.10. In 2022 there was a vat repayment of £678.84 for a damaged bench.
	2,337	2,378	4	1.75%	O <sub>N</sub>	
5 Loan interest/Capital Repayment	0	0	0	0.00%	Q.	
6 All Other Payments	10,468	6,618	-3,650	34.87%	YES	in 2022 the Parish Council purchased new awings at a cost of E3748.43
7 Balances Cerrled Forward	14,729	14,342			NO.	
8 Total Cash and Short Term Investments	14,729	14,729				
9 Total Fixed Assets plus Other Long Term Investments and 509,564	799'609	509,664	0	0.00%	N N	
10 Total Borrowings	0	o	0	0.00%	2	

Rounding errors of up to £2 are tolerable

Variances of £200 or less are tolerable

Bank Reconciliation		
Financial Year Ending 31 March 2023		
Prepared by Elizabeth Clark (Clerk & RFO)		
30 April 2023		
Rajanco nor hank statements as at 24 May 1, 2000		
Balance per bank statements as at 31 March 2023 Cumberland Current Account	£	£
Deposit Account	4028.89	
Skipton Building Society	3212.38 7100.36	
Less: any un-presented cheques as at 31 March		
Add any unbanked cash as at 31 March		0.00
Net bank balances as at 31 March 2023		14341 63
The net balances reconcile to the cash book (receipts & CASH BOOK	payments account) for the	year, as follows
Opening Balance		***
Add: Receipts in the year		14728.90
ess: Payments in the year		8809.44
Closing balance per cash book (receipts & payments		-9196.71
pook) as at 31 March 2023		14341.63

Chair

Dated: 816123

Clerk/RFO

Dated: 8/6/23

Smaller authority name: BASSENTHWAITE PARISH COUNCIL

# NOTICE OF PUBLIC RIGHTS AND PUBLICATION OF UNAUDITED ANNUAL GOVERNANCE & ACCOUNTABILITY RETURN

#### **ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 Sections 26 and 27 The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 (SI 2015/234)

#### NOTICE

- 1. Date of announcement 16th May 2023
- 2. Each year the smaller authority prepares an Annual Governance and Accountability Return (AGAR). The AGAR has been published with this notice. It will not be reviewed by the appointed auditor, since the smaller authority has certified itself as exempt from the appointed auditor's review.
  Any person interested has the right to inspect and make copies of theaccounting records for the financial year to which the audit relates and all books, deeds, contracts, bills, vouchers, receipts and other documents relating to those recordsmust be made available for inspection by any person interested. For

the year ended 31 March 2023, these documents will be available on reasonable notice by application to:

Elizabeth Clark (Clerk/RFO), Mobile No. 07510 259 784, Email: bassenthwaiteclerk@aol.com commencing on Monday 12<sup>th</sup> June 2023 and ending on Friday 21<sup>th</sup> July 2023

- 3. Local government electors and their representatives also have:
  - The opportunity to question the appointed auditor about the accounting records; and
  - The right to make an objection which concerns a matter in respect of which the appointed auditor could
    either make a public interest report or apply to the court for a declaration that an item of account is
    unlawful. Written notice of an objection must first be given to the auditor and a copy sent to the smaller
    authority.

The appointed auditor can be contacted at the address in paragraph 4 below for this purpose between the above dates only.

4. The smaller authority's AGAR is subject to review by the appointed auditor under the provisions of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 and the NAO's Code of Audit Practice 2015. The appointed auditor is:

Moore (Ref AP/HD)
Rutland House,
Minerva Business Park,
Lynch Wood,
Peterborough
PE2 6PZ

MOORE

5. This announcement is made by E Clark (Clerk/RFO)

### LOCAL AUTHORITY ACCOUNTS: A SUMMARY OF YOUR RIGHTS

Please note that this summary applies to all relevant smaller authorities, including local councils, internal drainage boards and 'other' smaller authorities.

#### The basic position

By law, any interested person has the right to inspect the accounting records of smaller authorities. If you are a local government elector or registered to vote in the local councils' elections, then you are able to ask questions about the accounts and object to them.

#### The right to inspect the accounting records

When your council hasfinalised its accounts for the previous financial year, they must advertise that they are available for people to inspect. You must then provide the council with reasonable notice of your intentions. Following this, by arrangement you will then have 30 working days to inspect and make copies of the accounting records and supporting documents. You may be required to pay a copying charge.

#### The right to ask the auditor questions about the accounting records

If you have any questions regarding the accounting records, you should first ask your smaller authority. This must be done during the 30-day period for the exercise of public rights. You may also ask the appointed auditor questions about an item in the accounting records. However, the auditor can only answer 'what' questions, not 'why' questions so is limited with their response. To avoid any confusion, it is advised that you put your questions in writing.

#### The right to make objections

Should you view something as unlawful or believe there are matters of wider concern in the accounts, you may wish to object. If you are a local government elector, you have the right to ask the external auditor to apply to the courts for a declaration that an item is contrary to the law and should be reported as a matter of public interest. This must be done by telling the appointed auditor which specific item in the accounts you object to and why you believe it to be unlawful or think a public interest report should be made about it. You must provide clear evidence to support your objection, and this should be done in writing and the copied to the council.

You should not use the 'right to object' to make a personal complaint or claim against your smaller authority. Complaints of this nature should be taken to your local Citizens' Advice Bureau, local Law Centre or to your solicitor.

#### A final word

Smaller authorities, and so local taxpayers, meet the costs of dealing with questions and objections. In deciding whether to take your objection forward, the auditor must consider the cost that will be involved. They will only continue with the objection if it is in the public interest to do so. If you appeal to the courts against an auditor's decision, you may have to pay for the action yourself.